HURST GREEN PRIMARY SCHOOL



Marking and Feedback policy

Policy for the attention of			
Audience	Key Audience	Optional	Additional/Notes
		Audience	
Senior Leadership Team	V		
Teachers	V		
Teaching Assistants	V		
Administrative Staff			
Lunchtime Supervisors			
Site Manager			
Cleaners			
Governors		V	
Parents		V	
Website		V	
Local Authority		V	

Responsibility of	School Improvement Committee
Review frequency	
Previous versions agreed	
This version agreed	
Next review date	

Introduction

Hurst Green Primary School recognises the importance of feedback as part of the teaching & learning cycle, we aim to maximise the effectiveness of its use in practice. We are mindful also of the workload implications of written marking, and of the research surrounding effective feedback. Our policy is underpinned by the evidence of best practice from the Education Endowment Foundation and other expert organisations. The Education Endowment Foundation research shows that effective feedback should:

- redirect or refocus either the teacher's or the learner's actions to achieve a goal
- be specific, accurate and clear
- encourage and support further effort
- be given sparingly so that it is meaningful
- provide specific guidance on how to improve and not just tell students when they are wrong

Notably, the Department for Education's research into teacher workload has highlighted written marking as a key contributing factor to workload. Hurst Green understand that the most important activity for teachers is the teaching itself, supported by the design and preparation of lessons.

Key Principles

Our policy on feedback has at its core, a number of principles:

- The sole focus of feedback and marking should be to further children's learning;
- Written comments should only be used where they are accessible to students according to age and ability;
- We understand that feedback delivered closest to the point of action is most effective, and as such feedback delivered in lessons is more effective than comments provided at a later date;
- Feedback is provided both to teachers and pupils as part of assessment processes in the classroom, and takes many forms other than written comments;
- Feedback is a part of the school's wider assessment processes which aim to provide an appropriate
 level of challenge to pupils in lessons, allowing them to make good progress;

All pupils' work should be reviewed by teachers at the earliest appropriate opportunity so that it might impact on future learning. When work is reviewed, it should be acknowledged in books.

Our aim is to ensure that children are provided with timely and purposeful feedback that furthers their learning, and that teachers are able to gather feedback and

assessments that enable them to adjust their teaching both within and across a sequence of lessons.

Feedback and marking in practice

It is vital that teachers evaluate the work that children undertake in lessons, and use information obtained from this to allow them to adjust their teaching. Feedback occurs at one of three common stages in the learning process:

- 1.Immediate feedback (human connection) at the point of teaching
- 2.Summary feedback at the end of a lesson/task
- 3. Review feedback away from the point of teaching (including written comments)

The stages are deliberately numbered in order of priority, noting that feedback closest to the point of teaching and learning is likely to be most effective in driving further improvement and learning, especially for younger pupils. As a school, we place considerable emphasis on the provision of immediate feedback. Where feedback is based on review of work completed, the focus will often be on providing feedback for the teacher to further adapt teaching.

Туре	What it Looks Like	Evidence (for observers)
Immediate feedback	Includes teacher gathering feedback from teaching, including mini-whiteboards, book work, etc	Learning walksSome evidence of annotations or use of
Rapid Response	 Takes place in lessons with individuals or small groups often given verbally to pupils for immediate action May involve use of a teaching assistant to provide support or further challenging May re-direct the focus of teaching or the task May include highlighting/annotations according to the marking code. 	marking code – if relevant.
Summary feedback	 Takes place at the end of a lesson or activity Often involves whole groups or classes 	learning walksSome evidence of selfand peer assessment
Reflect to progress	 Provides an opportunity for evaluation of learning in the lesson May take form of self- or peerassessment against an agreed set of criteria In some cases, may guide a teacher's further 	May be reflected in selected focus review feedback (marking)

	use of review feedback, focusing on areas for development	
Review feedback Review and Retrieve	 Takes place away from the point of teaching May involve written comments/annotations for pupils to read/respond to Provides teachers with opportunities for assessment of understanding Leads to adaptation of future lessons through planning, grouping or adaptation of tasks May lead to targets being set for pupils' future attention, or immediate action 	 Acknowledgement of work completed Written comments and appropriate responses/action Adaptations to teaching sequences tasks when compared to planning Use of annotations/ or planning adaptation to indicate future groupings Whole class feedback sheets

All work will be acknowledged in some form by class teachers. This may be through simple symbols such as ticks, more detailed comments or verbally during lessons. Written comments by staff will model presentation expectations – for example handwriting, use of ruler, and will always be in the correct colour pen(see page 4).

In Foundation Stage

This is shared verbally with the child, with parents and carers and other adults working with them. This information is shared through Tapestry, home school diaries, reports and parents evening. EYFS teams will discuss targets and children's next steps regularly and will ensure the provision responds the children's needs.

In Key Stage 1

Review and retrieval marking will only lead to written comments for those pupils who are able to read and respond independently, this is at the teacher's discretion. However, all pieces of work will be responded to in some way, in order to show pupils that we value their efforts. In some cases, the marking code may be used where this is understood by pupils (see end of policy for marking code & symbols). Where pupils are unable to read/understand such comments, these are shared verbally with children at the next appropriate opportunity. During longer pieces of writing, staff may use green highlighters to show children the things they have done well.

In Key Stage 2

Written marking and comments should only be used where meaningful guidance can

be offered which it has not been possible to provide during the classroom session. In the case of groups of pupils having a common need, it may be appropriate for teachers to adjust planning or grouping rather than providing a written comment. Where a child has achieved the intended outcome and is well-prepared for the next stage in learning, this need not be annotated.

In most cases, written comments will be focused on extended pieces of written work, or extended tasks. For example, in English a longer and more detailed written comment may form part of planning/modelling/draft task, rather than the final, polished piece of work. These will allow children's achievements to be recognised and provide further guidance for future, independent learning. During these longer pieces, staff may use the appropriate coloured to show children the things they have done well.

We would expect to see more developmental marking earlier in the year in writing whilst children are working toward the expected standard.

Teachers use red pens, Teaching Assistants use green pens and students or cover staff use blue pens.

Worksheets will be kept to a necessary minimum and will be cut to size and stuck in with glue. Where possible, children will glue the sheets in themselves. All pieces of work will be dated and have an appropriate title linked to the learning objective.

Next Steps- verbal or written

'Next Steps' will be given as the teacher sees fit. This will happen at different times within the teaching and feedback cycle, and depending on the subject. The frequency of next steps is not set in stone, however where a next step is given, it is expected that time is set aside for the pupil to revisit their work in order to complete the next step. If children continue to get the same next steps, it is expected that they have more taught sessions/support in order to progress.

Whole class feedback sheets

Teachers/HLTAs use Feedback sheets to inform planning and cut down on comments in books. Teachers are able to look at children's books in order to create a plan for the following day (children who need the same extra input may form a focus group, children ready for a challenge may work together on a mental oral starter, some children may have met the lessons learning intention and are therefore ready to progress to the next session - no action is needed).

Staff may choose to use intervention stickers to show an intervention has taken place, but this is not an expectation.

	Feedback Codes
	In KS1 (or ability appropriate), staff write a dot above the incorrect spelling / omission to direct the pupil to correct a mistake.
	In KS2 (or ability appropriate), a dot is written in the margin to direct the pupil to re-read that line and find the error themselves.
✓	Staff use one tick- in the appropriate colour- for a basic understanding of the task
✓ ✓	Staff use two ticks- in the appropriate colour- for an expected understanding of the task
	(Children can have two ticks with support symbol)
✓ ✓ ✓	Staff use three ticks - in the appropriate colour- for a deeper understanding of the task
Purple pen	Children correct their work and make improvements and changes in purple.
(KS2 pupils)	
P	Presentation – teachers and TAs to highlight where presentation needs to improve. A conversation to explain what

	and how will support this feedback.
S	S in a circle to show children have support
	Next step. If children continue to get the same next steps it is expected that they have more taught sessions/support in order make progress.